



SHEEN STICKLAND
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Est. 1944

Tax Tables 2021/22



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INCOME TAX	21/22	20/21
Main personal allowances and reliefs		
Personal allowance*	£12,570	£12,500
Marriage/civil partner's transferable allowance	£1,260	£1,250
Married couple's/civil partner's allowance at 10% [†] – max	£9,125	£9,075
(if at least one born before 6/4/35) – min	£3,530	£3,510
Blind person's allowance	£2,520	£2,500
Rent-a-room relief	£7,500	£7,500
Property allowance	£1,000	£1,000
Trading allowance	£1,000	£1,000

*Personal allowance reduced by £1 for every £2 of adjusted net income over £100,000

[†]Married couple's/civil partner's allowance reduced by £1 for every £2 of adjusted net income over £30,400 (£30,200 for 20/21), until minimum reached

UK taxpayers excluding Scottish taxpayers'

non-dividend, non-savings income

20% basic rate on first slice of taxable income up to	£37,700	£37,500
40% higher rate on next slice of taxable income over	£37,700	£37,500
45% additional rate on taxable income over	£150,000	£150,000

Scottish taxpayers – non-dividend, non-savings income

19% starter rate on taxable income up to	£2,097	£2,085
20% basic rate on next slice up to	£12,726	£12,658
21% intermediate rate on next slice up to	£31,092	£30,930
41% higher rate on next slice up to	£150,000	£150,000
46% top rate on income over	£150,000	£150,000

All UK taxpayers

Starting rate at 0% on band of savings income up to**	£5,000	£5,000
Personal savings allowance at 0%:		
Basic rate	£1,000	£1,000
Higher rate	£500	£500
Additional rate	£0	£0
Dividend allowance at 0%:		
All individuals	£2,000	£2,000
Tax rates on dividend income:		
Basic rate	7.5%	7.5%
Higher rate	32.5%	32.5%
Additional rate	38.1%	38.1%
Trusts: Standard rate band generally	£1,000	£1,000
Rate applicable to trusts:		
Dividends	38.1%	38.1%
Other income	45%	45%

**Not available if taxable non-savings income exceeds the starting rate band

High Income Child Benefit Charge

1% of benefit per £100 of adjusted net income between £50,000 – £60,000

Non-domicile remittance basis charge after UK residence in at least:

7 of the last 9 tax years	£30,000	£30,000
12 of the last 14 tax years	£60,000	£60,000

STATE PENSIONS	Annual	Weekly
New state pension – state pension age reached after 5/4/16	£9,339.20	£179.60
Basic state pension – single person*	£7,155.20	£137.60
Basic state pension – spouse/civil partner*	£4,287.40	£82.45

*State pension age reached before 6/4/16

REGISTERED PENSIONS	21/22	20/21
Lifetime allowance	£1,073,100	£1,073,100
Money purchase annual allowance	£4,000	£4,000
Annual allowance*	£40,000	£40,000
Annual allowance charge on excess is at applicable tax rate(s) on earnings		
Lifetime allowance charge if excess is drawn as cash 55%; as income 25%		
Pension commencement lump sum up to 25% of pension benefit value		
<i>*Reduced by £1 for every £2 of adjusted income over £240,000 to a minimum of £4,000, subject to threshold income being over £200,000</i>		

TAX INCENTIVISED INVESTMENT	21/22	20/21
Total Individual Savings Account (ISA) limit excluding Junior ISAs (JISAs)	£20,000	£20,000
Lifetime ISA	£4,000	£4,000
JISA and Child Trust Fund	£9,000	£9,000
Venture Capital Trust (VCT) at 30%	£200,000	£200,000
Enterprise Investment Scheme (EIS) at 30%*	£2,000,000	£2,000,000
EIS eligible for CGT deferral relief	No limit	No limit
Seed Enterprise Investment Scheme (SEIS) at 50%	£100,000	£100,000
SEIS CGT reinvestment relief	50%	50%

*Above £1,000,000 investment must be in knowledge-intensive companies

CAPITAL GAINS TAX	21/22	20/21
Tax Rates – Individuals		
Below UK higher rate income tax band	10%	10%
Within UK higher and additional rate income tax bands	20%	20%
Tax Rate – Trusts and Estates	20%	20%
Surcharge for residential property and carried interest	8%	8%
Exemptions		
Annual exempt amount: Individuals, estates, etc	£12,300	£12,300
Trusts generally	£6,150	£6,150
Chattels gain limited to 5/3rds of proceeds exceeding	£6,000	£6,000
Business Asset Disposal Relief		
10% on lifetime limit of £1,000,000		
For trading businesses and companies (minimum 5% participation) held for at least 2 years		

CORPORATION TAX	Profits	Diverted profits	Loans to participants
Years to 31/3/22 and 31/3/21	19%	25%	32.5%

NATIONAL INSURANCE CONTRIBUTIONS

Class 1	Employee	Employer
NICs rate	12%	13.8%
No NICs for employees generally on the first	£184 pw	£170 pw
No NICs for younger/veteran employees* on the first	£184 pw	£967 pw
NICs rate charged up to	£967 pw	No limit
2% NICs on earnings over	£967 pw	N/A

*Employees generally under 21 years, apprentices under 25 years. Veterans in first 12 months of civilian employment from April 2021

Employment Allowance £4,000

Per business – not available if sole employee is a director or employer's NICs for 20/21 £100,000 or more.

Class 1A Employer On car and fuel benefits and most other taxable benefits provided to employees/directors 13.8%

Class 2 Self-employed Flat rate per week £3.05 (£158.60 pa)

Small profits threshold No compulsory NICs if annual profits less than £6,515

Class 4 Self-employed On annual profits of £9,568 to £50,270: 9%
Over £50,270: 2%

Class 3 Voluntary flat rate per week £15.40 (£800.80 pa)

CAR BENEFITS

Taxable amount depends on original list price and CO₂ emissions in g/km.

Zero emission cars, 1%.

Petrol and diesel hybrids with CO₂ emissions 1–50g/km

Range – electric-only miles	<30	30–39	40–69	70–129	130+
Registered pre-6/4/20 (NEDC)	14%	12%	8%	5%	2%
Registered post-5/4/20 (WLTP)	13%	11%	7%	4%	1%

All non-diesel cars over 50g/km CO₂ **51–54** **55 & over**

Registered pre-6/4/20 (NEDC) 15% 16%*–37%

Registered post-5/4/20 (WLTP) 14% 15%*–37%

*Increased for every extra 5g/km by 1% up to the maximum 37%

Diesels not meeting RDE2 standards: add 4%, up to the maximum of 37%

Fuel Benefit – taxable amount for private use	21/22	20/21
CO ₂ % charge used for car benefit multiplied by	£24,600	£24,500

VANS – FOR PRIVATE USE	21/22	20/21
Zero emission: chargeable amount	Nil	£2,792
Other vans: chargeable amount	£3,500	£3,490
Fuel: chargeable amount	£669	£666

STAMP DUTIES AND PROPERTY TRANSACTION TAXES

Stamp Duty and SDRT: Stocks and marketable securities

0.5%

Additional residential and all corporate residential properties

£40,000 or more – add 3% to SDLT rates and 4% to LBTT and LTT rates

England & N Ireland – Stamp Duty Land Tax (SDLT) on slices of value

Residential property	%	Commercial property	%
Up to £125,000*	0	Up to £150,000	0
£125,001*–£250,000*	2	£150,001–£250,000	2
£250,001*–£925,000	5	Over £250,000	5
£925,001–£1,500,000	10		
Over £1,500,000	12		

*0% on slice up to £500,000 (8/7/20–30/6/21) and £250,000 (1/7/21–30/9/21)

First time buyers: 0% on first £300,000 for properties up to £500,000

Non-resident purchasers: 2% surcharge on properties £40,000 or more

Residential property bought by companies etc. over £500,000: 15% of value

Scotland – Land and Buildings Transaction Tax (LBTT) on slices of value

Residential property	%	Commercial property	%
Up to £145,000*	0	Up to £150,000	0
£145,001–£250,000	2	£150,001–£250,000	1
£250,001–£325,000	5	Over £250,000	5
£325,001–£750,000	10		
Over £750,000	12		

*Any changes to 0% to be confirmed

First time buyers: 0% on the first £175,000

Wales – Land Transaction Tax (LTT) on slices of value

Residential property	%	Commercial property	%
Up to £180,000*	0	Up to £225,000	0
£180,001–£250,000	3.5	£225,001–£250,000	1
£250,001–£400,000	5	£250,001–£1,000,000	5
£400,001–£750,000	7.5	Over £1,000,000	6
£750,001–£1,500,000	10		
Over £1,500,000	12		

*Any changes to 0% to be confirmed

INHERITANCE TAX

	21/22	20/21
Nil-rate band*	£325,000	£325,000
Residence nil-rate band*†	£175,000	£175,000
Rate of tax on excess	40%	40%
Rate if at least 10% of net estate left to charity	36%	36%
Lifetime transfers to and from certain trusts	20%	20%
Overseas domiciled spouse/civil partner exemption	£325,000	£325,000
100% relief: businesses, unlisted/AIM companies, certain farmland/buildings		
50% relief: certain other business assets e.g. farmland let before 1/9/95		
Annual exempt gifts of:	£3,000 per donor	£250 per donee

*The unused proportion of a deceased spouse's/civil partner's nil-rate band and/or residence nil-rate band can be claimed on the survivor's death

†Estates over £2,000,000: the value of the residence nil-rate band is reduced by 50% of the excess over £2,000,000

MAIN CAPITAL AND OTHER ALLOWANCES

Plant & machinery (P&M) 100% annual investment allowance (1st year):			
1/1/19–31/12/21	£1,000,000	From 1/1/22	£200,000
P&M super-deduction first year allowance (FYA) for companies from 1/4/21			130%
Special rate P&M FYA for companies from 1/4/21			50%
Plant & machinery*			18%
Patent rights & know-how*			25%
Certain long-life assets and integral features of buildings*			6%
Structures and buildings (straight line)			3%
Electric charge points			100%
Motor Cars			
CO ₂ emissions of g/km:	0 [†]	1–50	Over 50
Capital allowance	100% first year	18% pa*	6% pa*
<i>*Annual reducing balance</i>			<i>†For new cars only</i>
Research and development (R&D) – capital expenditure			100%
R&D revenue expenditure relief – small/medium-sized companies			230%
R&D expenditure credit – large companies			13%

VALUE ADDED TAX

Standard rate	20%	Domestic fuel	5%
Reduced rate on hospitality, holiday accommodation and attractions:			
15/7/20–30/9/21:	5%	1/10/21–31/3/22:	12½%
Since 1/4/17:	Registration level £85,000	Deregistration	£83,000
Flat rate scheme turnover limit			£150,000
Cash and annual accounting schemes turnover limit			£1,350,000

MAIN DUE DATES FOR TAX PAYMENT

Income Tax, NICs and Capital Gains Tax – Self-assessment

31 January in tax year	}	Normally 50% of previous year's income tax, (less tax deducted at source) and class 4 NICs
Following 31 July		
Following 31 January		Balance of income tax and class 4 NICs, class 2 NICs and balance of CGT
Inheritance Tax on death:		Normally 6 months after end of month of death
Lifetime transfer 6 April–30 September:		30 April in following year
Lifetime transfer 1 October–5 April:		6 months after month of transfer

Corporation Tax – Self-assessment

- Profits under £1,500,000: 9 months + 1 day after end of accounting period
- Profits £1,500,000 or over: normally payable in 7th, 10th, 13th and 16th months after start of the accounting period
- Profits £20,000,000 or over: normally payable in 3rd, 6th, 9th and 12th months after start of the accounting period
- Growing companies: no instalments where profits are £10,000,000 or less and the company was not a large company for the previous year